

#### **EEC lifts ban on Argentine imports**

LUXEMBOURG (R) - European Economic Community (EEC) foreign ministers agreed Sunday to lift a ban on imports from Argentina but said they would reintroduce it if fighting in the South Atlantic over the Falkland Islands broke out again. EEC officials said that a detailed statement of the EEC ministers' decision would be released Monday. The decision was taken after both France and West Germany argued that now that the fighting in the Falkland Islands had stopped the EEC's ban on imports from Argentina had achieved its aims.

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Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Sandi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

#### assan receives angladeshi minister

MMAN (Petra) — Crown ince Hassan received at the yal Court Sunday Mr. Abdul ajid Khan, Bangladeshi minister r Islamic affairs, youth, sport d education, with whom he disssed matters relating to edution and youth affairs in the two

#### rab Investcorp rmally launched

AHRAIN (R) - The Arabian vestment Banking Corporation nvestcorp), which aims to courage international investent by the Gulf countries, was rmally launched here Sunday th an authorised capital of \$500 llion. A 17-member board of rectors was elected, led by mer Kuwait Finance Minister xiul Rahman Salem Al Atiqi. /estcorp's President and Chief ecutive Officer Nemir Kirdar d Reuters operations would nmence early next year, when office would be opened in Lon-

#### thiopia appeals OAU for solution refugee problem

DDIS ABABA (R) - Ethioun leader Mengistu Haile triam urged African states Suny to solve the continent's ugee problem by respecting tional borders and refraining ... om arming secessionists. His peal was contained in an Afrin Refugee Day message read to gathering in Addis Ababa by hiopian Foreign Minister leke Gedle-Giorgis. The hiopian leader called on imber states of the Organisation African Unity (OAU) to spect the principles of vereignty, territorial integrity, ity and non-interference in the

#### ernal affairs of others. He ded that OAU members should : try to "re-draw the map of rica" on ethnic or religious es, or arm secessionists. TA wing claims

sponsibility

r Bilbao bombs

ADRID (R) - Basque separatguerrillas claimed respon-ility Sunday for a bomb blast in lbao, only 300 metres from a orld Cup stadium where Engid is playing its first round tches. In a statement issued to sque media, the Military wing ETA (Basque homeland and edom) said it was responsible the explosion Saturday in a fbao bar and another at a bank Lasarte the day before. Police in lafranca de Ordicia, south of a Sebastian, said Sunday a powul bomb was discovered by a pherd after his sheep had dismected the device. They said 10-kilogramme bomb was ached to an installation of the rduero power company, a freent target of Basque guerrillas ause of its plans for a nuclear

#### pain 2, Yugoslavia 1 .K. 2, Czechs0 ermany 4, Chile 1

LENCIA, Spain (R) — Spain t Yugoslavia 2-1 in their rld Cup Group Five match day. Halftime: 1-1. Scorers: in: Juanito (14th minute pen-), Enrique Saura (65th). zoslavia: Ivan Gudelj (10th). n Bilbao, England beat choslovakia 2-0 in their World Group Four match. Halftime: . Scorers: Trevor Francis nd minute) Jozef Barmos (own

L 67th). 'a Madrid, West Germany ne back from the brink of rld Cup elimination with a sing 4-1 victory over Chile. : Germans' claim to be among front-runners to win the cup : looked brash and empty after y were humiliated 2-1 by rank siders Algeria last Wednesday. feat by Chile in Gijon would e left them without a realistic ince of survival. Karl-Heinz mmenigge scored his hat-trick er being declared fit for the tch barely an hour before the koff having undergone a fitness of t on a right thigh injury.

### Hassan warns against attempts to turn PLO

AMMAN (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan has warned against attempts to turn the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) into a political movement in the aftermath of the Israeli invasion of Lebanon.

In an exclusive interview with the Cairo-based newspaper Al Ahram, published Sunday, Prince Hassan said: "Why the United States does not accept the idea of conducting a dialogue with the PLO so far, although it accepted it as an observer at the United Nations, and although the United States itself is now conducting a dialogue in Geneva with the SWAPO (South West African Peoples Organisation)."

Prince Hassan said the diplomatic predicament in resolving these threats."

into political movement the Middle East crisis is to know which Israel to recognise. "Is it Israel of the 1967, or Israel after the construction of settlements, or the Israel of invasion and expansion, as is currently taking place in

> Prince Hassan held the United States responsible to intervene strongly to preserve Lebanon's security and to keep it free from external influences, particularly the Israeli invasion.

> Prince Hassan warned that Arab absence in the area is a threat to Arab security, and "unless we could embark on an effective Arab initiative within a joint Arab strategy, the Arabs would not be able to cope with

### PNC urges Arab nations to sever ties with U.S.

By Samira Kawar Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Members of the Palestine National Council (PNC) in Jordan have called on all Arab governments to sever diplomatic, economic and oil links with the United States as punitive measure against the American-backed Israeli invasion of Lebanon.

A statement issued here Sunday by PNC members resident in Jordan, following their meeting. Saturday to discuss the Israeli invasion of Lebanon and the Palestinian revolution's confrontation of the invading Israeli forces, noted "with deep bitterness and sorrow that Arab governments have desisted from carrying out their pan-Arab and nationalist duties in confronting the Israeli invasion." The statement also "noted with sorrow the silence of Arab governments regarding the U.S. military, financial and political collusion with the Israeli aggression, which aims at annihilating the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), making the Palestinian people homeless and stripping the Palestinians of their national rights."

The statement pointed out that the United States is the "Palestinian people's first enemy as well as the enemy of the Arab Nation in general" because "it is the United States that is currently invading Lebanon under Israeli

guise." The statement called on Arab governments to fully condemn the United States for its role in the "criminal aggression being waged by Israel against Lebanon and its war of liquidation against the Palestinian and Lebanese peo-

The 34 PNC members in Jordan also called on Arab governments to move their armies immediately to confront the Israelis in Lebanon alongside the Palestinian resistance movement and to open separate fronts against Israel across their own borders with

#### Soviet role

Deep appreciation was expressed in the statement for "the role played by the friendly Soviet Union in support of the Palestinian revolution and the Arab Nation." But the Soviet Union was also called upon to step up its

support for the Palestinian revolution to enable it to repulse the Israeli invasion of Lebanon and prevent that country from turning into a "centre for U.S.-Israeli conspiracies."

The statement praised the masses in the occupied territories for their firm struggle against Israeli occupation: and against plots to Judaise the occupied territories through the implementation of the Camp David accords and the imposition of the so-called civilian administration. The statement expressed confidence that the Palestinian people in the occupied territories would escalate their struggle against occu-

The statement expressed deep appreciation for the Jordanian people for their "unlimited support for the Palestinian revolution through making generous fmancial and material contributions and sending volunteers to fight alongside the joint Palestinian-Lebanese forces."

The signatories to the statement also expressed deep appreciation for the Lebanese Nationalist Movement and the Arab people of Lebanon for confronting the Israeli invasion alongside the Palestinian revolution. Appreciation was also expressed for Lebanon as a whole "for its ability to withstand such severe human

and material losses." Foreign governments, bodies and circles, which strongly condemned the Israeli aggression were thanked and called upon to increase their support for the

In a brief speech leading up to the statement, Brig.-Gen. Abdul Razzaq Al Yahya, the PLO Executive Committee representative in Amman, said that 'since the beginning of its armed aggression against Lebanon on June 4, Israel has killed and wounded more than 300,000 civilians and made about 800,000 people homeless by destroying Lebanese cities and villages and Palestinian refugee camps."

He pointed out that the invasion by land had been preceded by brutal and indiscriminate bombing and shelling on unarmed civilians with the obvious aim of spreading as much destruction and death as possible, creating panic and psychological disintegration amongst the Lebanese and Palestinian peoples.

# Iraq starts pullout from

BEIRUT (R) — Iraqi President Saddam Hussein said Sunday that his troops had started withdrawing from Iranian territory occupied during the 21-month-old Gulf war and would complete their pullback within 10 days, the Iraqi News Agency (INA) reported.

The agency, summarising a speech given Sunday by President Hussein, said: "President Saddam Hussein has announced that Iraqi units have started to withdraw from Iranian towns and territory to the international frontier."

The agency said the president added that "the withdrawal operations will end within a period of not more than 10 days from

President Hussein said Baghdad would continue to work with international groups which have been trying to mediate a peaceful settlement of the conflict

After the Iraqi withdrawal from the port of Al Mohammarah (Khorramshahr) last month, Iraq announced that it was ready for an immediate ceasefire and was willing to withdraw all its forces from Iranian territory within two

Iran rejected the offer saying it had come too late.

Since then, Iraq has said its forces have been observing a unilateral ceasefire, shooting only if fired on.

Iraq agreed to a demand for the establishment of a committee to decide which side started the war. indicated it would be ready to withdraw in return for guarantees. and finally Sunday began to pull out unconditionally.

It was not immediately clear exactly how much Iranian territory Iraq was still holding.

Reports from Iraq recently indicated that Iraqi troops were still occupying the border town of Qasr-e-Shirin, in the foothills of the Zagros mountains, and ragged strips of territory further south.

Arab mayors in the occupied

West Bank and Gaza Strip said

Sunday that the Palestine Lib-

eration Organisation (PLO),

severely battered by the Israeli

invasion of Lebanon, was still the

Palestinians' sole representative.

Arabic daily newspapers of Arab

East Jerusalem, the mayors

deplored the lack of substantial

support for the PLO among Arab

countries in the face of Israel's

the PLO as the sole representative

of the Palestinian people," the

emments for their position during

the fighting and their failure to

mayors said in their statement.

"We support wholeheartedly

'We deplore the Arab gov-

onslaught.

In front page items in the

W.Bank, Gaza mayors

affirm support for PLO

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (R) extend aid to the Palestinians and

## Lebanese agree on need to get Israeli forces out BEIRUT (Agencies) — The all-party Lebanese

National Salvation Committee Sunday ended its first meeting after three and a half hours and Prime Minister Shafiq Al Wazzan described the atmosphere as "excellent and brotherly" and said the committee's first task would be to ensure an end to the Israeli occupation of Lebanon.

Committee sources said President Sarkis was relieved there was no confrontation between Mr. Junblatt and rightist militia leader Bashir Gemayel.

Mr. Junblatt had often refused to sit at the same table as Mr. Gemayel and the two men had not met face-to-face at least since the 1975-76 civil war.

State-run Beirut Radio later said Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat Sunday met Johnny Abdo. head of the Lebanese army's military intelligence bureau.

At the meeting, their second in two days, they discussed the possibility of deploying the army to maintain security in the capital, the radio said.

#### Extension of truce

Meanwhile Israel said that its forces surrounding Beirut would maintain a ceasefire at the gates of the Lebanese capital unless they came under attack by Palestinian forces inside the city.

Sporadic shooting was reported earlier on Sunday as many residents fled to the comparative safety of rightist-controlled East Beirut.

Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin, appearing on while that his forces would not occupy the city in their twoweek-old drive to wipe out Palestinian bases in Lebanon.

He declined to say how long his troops would stay in the country but predicted that Israel would soon sign a peace treaty with "an independent Lebanese gov-

In Israel, a cabinet spokesman said the Begin government was imposing no time limit on the unilateral ceasefire it announced last Friday.

The cabinet conferred in the absence of Mr. Begin, who meets President Reagan in Washington Monday for talks regarded as cru-

people of Lebanon," they added.

sion as "an Israeli attempt to

annihilate the Palestinian revolu-

tion" and attacked the United

States for its failure to exert pres-

The residents of the occupied

areas have clashed repeatedly

with the Israeli authorities over

Among the signatories of Sun-

day's statements were the mayors of Nablus, Ramallah, El Bireh and

Anabta, dismissed last February

by the occupation authority over

their support for the PLO and

refusal to cooperate with the

Israeli-imposed civil administ-

their support for the PLO.

sure on Israel.

ration bodies.

The mayors described the inva-

cial to the future course of the conflict in Lebanon.

One Israeli official commented: "I do not expect any major steps, political or military, until after the

Mr. Arafat told reporters in the city Sunday that the Israelis had two divisions around the capital, backed up by their navy, "but we are waiting for them."

#### Israeli-Syrian clash

In Tel Aviv, the Israeli army said that one of its patrols clashed with Syrian troops near a village in central Lebanon Sunday. It reported that four Israeli soldiers were wounded when the Syrians opened fire, which was returned. Later Israel admitted that one high-ranking officer was also killed in the clash, but did not give his name. In Damascus, Information

Minister Ahmad Iskander ruled out any Syrian withdrawal of troops from Beirut until Israeli forces have left Lebanon.

He confirmed reports that President Sarkis had asked Syria to remove its soldiers from the cap-

struggle. request was rejected by Damas-

"Syrian troops cannot withdraw under the guns of Israeli tanks," the minister told a news con-

#### Egyptian proposal

In Cairo, President Hosni Mubarak said Sunday he would welcome the establishment of a provisional Palestinian government in Cairo.

Diplomatic sources in Beirut said last week that a proposal for PLO leaders to settle in Cairo was among the options considered after Israeli forces surrounded Beirut and demanded the neutralisation of Palestinian forces

President Mubarak told reporters Sunday: "Egypt welcomes a Cairo-based provisional Palestinian government that would take

the responsibility for political

The PLO maintains an office in Cairo but its relations with Egypt have been strained since the 1979

Egyptian-Israeli treaty. In Beirut, Salah Khalaf also known as Abu Iyad, a close aide of PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat. was quoted in Lebanese newspapers Sunday as saying: "There will never be any question of us

moving to Cairo." The United Nations Security Council made a unanimous appeal Sunday to all parties in the Lebanon conflict to respect the rights of the civilian population and to

assist in humanitarian efforts. The resolution was adopted at a council meeting summoned by France, which also sponsored the resolution.

Israeli-Lebanese rightist ties; Arafat: Symbol of struggle, page 8

#### U.S. senator: Israel seeks expansion

KUWAIT (R) — U.S. Republican Senator James McLure was Sunday quoted as saying that Israel's objective in invading Leba-non was to destroy the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and extend its territorial boundaries. The Idaho senator was quoted as saying in an interview with the Kuwaiti News Agency that Israel also wanted to have more than one front with Syria in preparation for any war with that state. Mr. McLure, chairman of the Senate Energy and Natural Resources Committee, said: "There is no question in my mind that the Israelis intend to expand their territory at the expense of Labanon. This will only be consistent with their deep belief in an inherent right to expand at the expense of neighbouring Arab countries." He said there was a very great danger that fighting in Lebanon might escalate.

### PLO aide's body to arrive Tuesday



By Salim Al Ma'ani

AMMAN - The body of Assistant Director of the Palestine Liberation Organisation's Office in Rome Kamal Hussein will arrive in Amman on Tuesday.

student before joining the PLO,

honour of the dead PLO leader, in which members of the Arab community in Italy as well as sympathetic Italians will participate. A Jewish group in Italy claimed responsibility for the assassmation. - Originally from Beit Safafa in

Hussem was married to a German born, and had one child. The Jordanian government has

the occupied West Bank, Mr.

rendered all possible facilities for the arrival of the body.

#### was assassinated in Rome last Thursday by a car bomb. A procession will take place in Rome in

Mr. Hussein, who was a medical

Saudi warning to Israel aims at U.S. BAHRAIN (R) — Saudi Arabia, the world's leading oil exporter, says that the Arabs will use all resources to defend their territory

The warning appeared to be directed to the United States as well as Israel, Gulf analysts said Sunday, as sporadic shooting was reported on the southern outskirts of the Lebanese capital.

if Israeli forces storm Beirut.

Israeli forces invaded Lebanon two weeks ago with the stated aim of wiping out Palestinian strongholds and are now just to the south of the city, where thousands of commandos are based.

The Saudi Press Agency Saturday night carried a royal palace statement which said any invasion of Beirut would result in the Arabs assuming their historic responsibility "of exercising their legitimate right of defending their territories with all their potentials."

The statement did not elaborate, although joint action would require endorsement by an Arab summit. Lebanon and Syria have called for such a meeting but there

has been no response so far from other countries.

meeting between King Fahd, the

Saudi Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al Faisal, who gave Mr.

Arab-Israel war. In Kuwait, a government

The Saudi statement followed a

new monarch, and Syrian Foreign Minister Abdul Halim Khaddam. who unexpectedly arrived in the kingdom. Saturday for a brief U.S. Vice-President George

Bush was in Riyadh a few days ago to offer Washington's condolences on the death last Sunday of King Khaled, and was told the Arabs would act if international efforts failed to halt the Israeli invasion.

Bush the message, did not say what action the Arabs would take. Saudi Arabia's main strength lies in its oil power, especially if used in concert with other Arab oil states which embargoed supplies to industrial nations after the 1973

spokesman said that Foreign Minister Sheikh Sabah Al Ahmad

Al Sabah telephoned Mr. Khaddam in Damascus and discussed the Lebanese situation as well as Kuwait's call for a conference of Arab League foreign ministers. He said a Syrian official would visit Kuwait Monday.

Emirates President Sheikh Zaid Ibn Sultan Al Nahayan sent a letter to Palestine Liberation Organisation Chairman Yasser Arafat pledging full support. President Zaid also stressed the

need for joint Arab action against Israel and in support of the Pales-. tinians and the Lebanese, the Emirates News Agency said.

The emir of Kuwait, Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmad Al Sabah. meanwhile pardoned 88 Palestinians serving prison terms for undisclosed activities.

. An official statement said the pardon was granted to enable able-bodied Palestinians to do their national duty against the Israelis.

Oil embargo can hit West, page 4

## U.K. takes over Argentine-held island

LONDON (R) - British troops Saturday that two British helicophave moved into the remote South Atlantic island of Thule where Argentina had a scientific naval station, the Defence Ministry confirmed Sunday.

At 1.30 p.m. London time today the Argentines on Thule Island, part of the South Sandwich Islands, surrendered to British forces.

A brief ministry statement said:

"Full details are still awaited but initial reports suggest that no fighting took place.' A ministry spokesman was

unable to give any information

about the size of the British force or its equipment. The Argentine military high command in Buenos Aires said

ters had machine-gunned the scientific station and landed troops. A military spokesman said the 10 scientists were presumed to be

prisoners. The South Sandwich Islands are a dependency of the Falkland Islands and Britain has protested about the Argentine station there

since its presence was first dis-covered in 1976. A British Foreign Office spokesman has said the British government had made it plain in a statement on June 15 that it intended to retake all territories taken in the South Atlantic by

Argentina. The island chain, which includes some active volcanoes, was dis-

covered by British explorer Captain James Cook in 1775 and has been claimed by Argentina since 1948.

Meanwhile, Argentine air force chief Basilio Lami Dozo said it was "very possible" that Argentina's ruling military junta would name a new president Sunday.

He told reporters that Interim

President Gen. Alfredo Saint Jean

who succeeded ousted head of state Gen. Leopoldo Galtieri on Friday would not stay in office too Gen. Galtieri was forced by the army leadership to resign as army commander, junta member and

president after Argentina's defeat

by British forces on the Falklands.

FRANKFURT (R) - President Reagan's decision to broaden sanctions against the Soviet Union will effectively halt work on a pipeline to bring gas from Siberia to Western Europe, one of the

Sunday. A spokesman for AEG-Telefunken said it could not build the turbines without key parts based on technology from the U.S. firm General Electric (GE).

major pipeline contractors said

The sanctions, announced on Friday, meant that AEG would be unable to obtain rotor blades of high enough quality for the 47 turbines that would drive the gas through the 4,500-kilometre pipeline, he said. In response to the declaration of

Extended sanctions may halt Soviet gasline martial law in Poland six months ago, President Reagan banned sales of U.S. technology to the Soviet Union, including heavy machinery and parts for the \$10 to

> Friday's move expanded the sanctions to include equipment made by overseas subsidiaries of U.S. companies and foreign manufacturers under licence from U.S.

\$20 billion pipeline.

AEG, whose turbine contract is worth 650 million marks (\$265 million), had been looking for alternate sources of the rotor blades, but had found none that avoided using GE designs, the spokesman said.

Noting that contracts with the

Soviet Union were signed in the autumn of last year, before the United States imposed the export restrictions, AEG said in a statement it feared far-reaching consequences for future economic relations between Western Europe and East European and

Third-World countries. "Given the long-settled contracts, the stepping-up of the U.S. embargo cannot be seen as

European and American companies in international trade," it added. AEG has been counting on the pipeline project to help secure

encouraging the credibility of west

jobs in its AEG-Kanis subsidiary, which plays a role in AEG's restructuring plans aimed at ending operating losses totalling more than two billion marks (\$830 million) in the past four years.

ATOYOTA See page 35 %

MINI METRO

(See page 6)

In Abu Dhabi, United Arab

# their contribution to air pollution

By Mustafa M. Salma

This is the second in a series of articles by Mr. Mustafa Salma on pollution and the environment that will appear regularly in this space in the Jordan Times. The writer is presently working as chief of Air Pollution Section at the Ministry of Municipalities and Rural Affairs' Department of the Environment. Mr. Salma studied and worked in the United States for 20 years, including a term of eight years as technical supervisor for water and Air Pollution Laboratories at the U.S. Environment Protection Agency (EPA) in San Francisco, California.

Secondary metals industries in Jordan consist of lead, aluminium, brass, and copper, zinc and iron foundries. The basic raw materials for the smleters are obsolete domestic and industrial scrap and imported lead and zinc ores.

At the smelters the scrap is sorted by hand according to metal type. Large pieces of metal are cut into convenient sizes for charging the smelters. It is a batch process where a single smelter can melt one to three metals in one oper-

There are two types of furnaces used to produce the most common types of metals: the pot furance, or crucible, and the blast furnace which is locally made and simple in design. The fuel used is diesel. mixed with dirty, discarded automobile engine oil and forced air. However, in the iron foundry, coke is used in addition and air for combustion is forced into the blast furance, causing the coke to burn. and melt the metal. The molten. metals either flow out through a taphole, are spooned out manually or poured directly into casting molds of various sizes and shapes and are allowed to solidify at normal ambient plant temp-

The primary emissions from these smelters are particulates consisting of lead, zinc, copper, iron and aluminum oxides. Sulphur exides are released by the oxidation of sulphur in the fuel used. Carbon monoxide is released by the reduction of metal oxides by carbon in the blast furnace. Nitrogen oxides are formed by the fixation of atomospheric nitrogen caused by the high temperatures associated with the smelt-

Dust arises from dirt on the powaerea material, fines, in the coke furnaces. Other exit gases from the furnaces are fly ash, soot and

smoke. The smelters are mostly located

in the populated sections of Amman's metropolitan area. The smelters are housed in run-down shacks, and, in most cases, the floors are sandy and unpaved. The smoke stacks, are worn out by the heat and diffuse the smoke inter-.nally as well as externally into the atmosphere. Pollution control equipment does not exist.

The health conditions of the smelters' workers are pitiful and appalling. They are exposed directly to the heat and toxic fumes from the furnaces without any means of protection. To make matters worse, some workers live in the smelters under squalid conditions. Furthermore, the pollutants emitted outside have an ill effect on the residential area's populace and on the adjacent estaurants' and cafes' patrons.

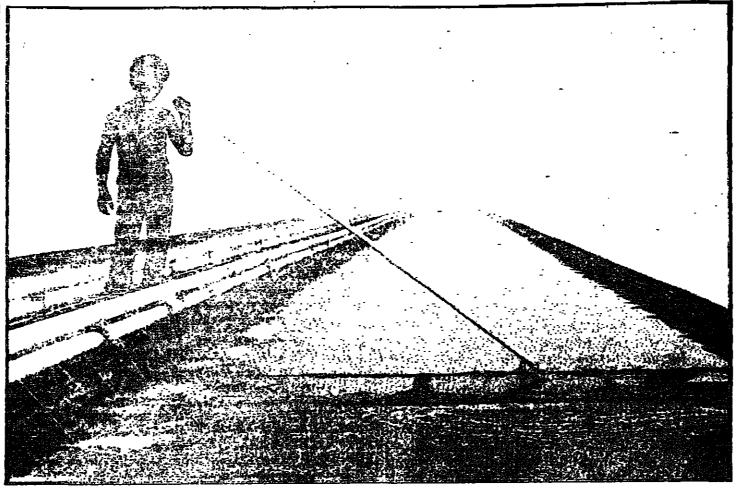
Effective decisions must be

made to remedy the situation, but the solution is not simple. Air pollution control equipment is difficult to install on primitively designed and worn out furances. Some smelters will have to be moved from the populated areas into more suitable locations alloted to them by the government at a minimum cost and with compensation. In the meantime, workers' health must be protected. They should be provided. this with personal protective equipment free of charge. Asbestos gloves or mittens which protect the hands against heat, cobait blue lenses which protect the eyes when looking into hot furnaces. respirators which guard against vapours, fumes and dust, overalls and periodic health check-ups.

The fundamentals of safety remain constant. Once they are enforced and learned by the careful workers, they govern their actions somewhat automatically. Human life is worth saving. We cannot absolve ourselves by simply reasoning that all accidents are an act of God.

Follution and the environment | In the face of growing population

# Metal smelters make Futuristic farming produces techniques to make world food supply abundant



A worker cleans a shrimp raceway at Puerto Penansco. Light in each of the eleven aquacells at the shrimp farm varies. depending on the filtering and transiteency capabilities of its plastic covering. Under the direction of Carl Hodges, who has

By Sandy Greenberg

Whirling drums, everhead trolleys, vertical growing boards, salt water irrigation -- hardly the usual tools of agriculture.

Not yet. But according to scientists at the University of Arizona's Environmental Research Laboratory (ERL) all of these are practical. and have the potential to be extremely feasible commercially.

And such futuristic farming techniques are needed. As the world's population continues to rise and resources dwindle, new methods of food production must be developed. New areas for growing must be found.

Approximately one seventh of the earth's surface and more than 35,000 kilometres of the earth's coastlines are desert-harsh environments not suited to agriculture. ERL is working to change this picture.

According to Carl Hodges. ERL's director, "Everything here at the leb... is simed at cultivating new land, specifically the seacoasts, that border the desert. At ERL, we're attacking the entire spectrum of food production. We're trying to create selfsufficient farming complexes--interdependent systems that will sustain the production of food, energy and water along desert coastlines. As researchers, we're looking at new plant species that have the potential to

and garage.

long experimented with plastics, ERL scientists have learned to manipulate the environment. Shrimp can now be made to reproduce by light cues. At the shrimp farm, 90 per cent of the shrimp eggs survive; in the ocean less than one per cent do.

farms, for instance--and making them economically viable."

New methods

In a couple of plastic greenhouses in the desert near Tucson. Arizona, imaginative visions are becoming reality: A two and a half metre / plastic drum revolves around a tube of light. Lush green spinach plants grow from the the drum's inner wall. In an outer chamber which simulates gravity, their roots are sprayed with a nutrient mist giving food and water. Funded by Kraft Corporation, the become superstars, like the drum is to be part of a prototype winged bean and the tapary bean. Community of Tomorrow As entrepreneurs, we're trying to scheduled to open at Florida's invent ways of increasing pro- Disney World this year. Its appliduction with existing crops in new cations are far-reaching. A growenvironments--raising saltwater ing environment which makes up

peneid shrimp in aquaculture for lack of soil and and gravity, it could be used by astronauts--or space colonists-to grow fresh vegetables in space.

Moving trolleys circulate around the greenhouse on their overhead tracks. Prolific tomato plants, their spidery roots trailing underneath, thrive on them.

Vertical boards of Styrofoam, covered with lettuce plants, lean together in long rows--and allow for vastly increased yields.Floating on a pool are Styrofoam boards holding lettuce plants. In the pool are catfish feeding on the roots and fertilising the nutrientrich water. Over the pool are melons growing on an A-frame trellis. When the lettuce boards are removed at harvest time, the melons will be shaken off into the water, unbrushed.

Bush beans, corn and pole beans grow in alternate rows, helping each other by their proximity. Beans are legumes and so can produce their own fertiliser from nitrogen in the air. Corn, which cannot do that, is fertilised by the beans. The corn stalks serve as poles for the beans.

The melons, catfish and lettuce illustrate an interdependent

ecosystem of crops. The corn and beans illustrate intercropping. Both are hallmarks of ERL. As Hodges puts it, "Finding a use for everything, that's the challenge; finding a use for every inch of space and (every) waste product, making the systems independent. and producing enough energy on site to power the station..."

At ERL water hyacinths, a ubiquitous weed found in many parts of the world, are churned into biomass to produce methane gas. The leaves and stems of euphorbia a large genus of plants all have a milky juice, are processed to produce oil. A hectare of plants can yield nearly 25 barries of oil.

At Puerto Penasco, ERL's Mexican field station, operated in con-junction with the University of Sonora, scientists are harvesting halophytes--salt-tolerant plants. Research is yielding crops which can be irrigated with sea water and used as livestock forage. Halophytes, unlike other plants which try to exclude salt from their systems, are able to absorb salt and deal with it internally; the botanical process is not yet completely understood. But it means that plants can work to remove salt and mineral buildup from land that has become desert, that halophyte crops can be used to reclaim land.

#### New crops

And new crops are being discovered. Of the hundreds of thousands of green plants on earth, humankind depends on just 30 species to provide most of its sustenence. According to Roger Ravelle, professor of sciences and public policy at the University of California in San Diego, eight species of cereal supply threequarters of our food energy-and corn, wheat and rice alone provide three-quarters of that. Developing additional plants as potential crops could help to ease our dependency on the new food plants now harvested. Some of these crops will be halophytes.

Next to the green halophyte plots are long aquacells—curved use. Each contains two shrimp raceways some 60 metres long and three and a half metres wide. In them, shrimp are raised and harvested, using far less energy and capital than required for the operation of a shrimp boat. Waste water coursing from the shrimp raceways goes on to irrigate the halophyte fields.

Far-fetched and futuristic as much of this work may seem at first glance, ERL and its experiments are practical, and have the backing and support of a variety of non-profit and big business organ-

The Middle East, Africa, the Caribbean, and Central and South America—all have coastal deserts where commercially sponsored ERL greenhouses are now at work, helping to increase the food supply for those diverse regions.

in 1982, the world's first saltwater controlled-environment shrimp farm will open in Hawaii with the backing of Coca-Cola and the F.H. Prince Company. Per hectare the farm will produce a vield equal to the yearly haul of a dozen shrimp boats.

Near Tucson, a commercial farming company, using ERL designed greenhouses, is producing 2.25 million kilogrammes of tomatoes and cucumbers annually on four and a half hectares of land. This yield is up to 20 times that of open field farming.

#### New hopes

Although the problems of world food production are immense, the vision and imagination and pragmatism of the ERL scientists are paying off as they work to virtually invent a new kind of agriculture. Under the direction of Hodges, the lab is able to manipulate levels of sunlight, control water and air temperature, protect crops from weather and sandstorms, and control pests. The resulting "highdensity agriculture in controlled environments" is termed by Dr. Ralph Richardson, former director of natural and environmental sciences for the Rockefeller Foundation, as "one of the most advanced and unique technologies that anyone has ever seen."

According to Carl Hodges, The theme of this place (is) combining the marketable with the possible and the practical with the visionary. And finding new ways to feed ourselves."



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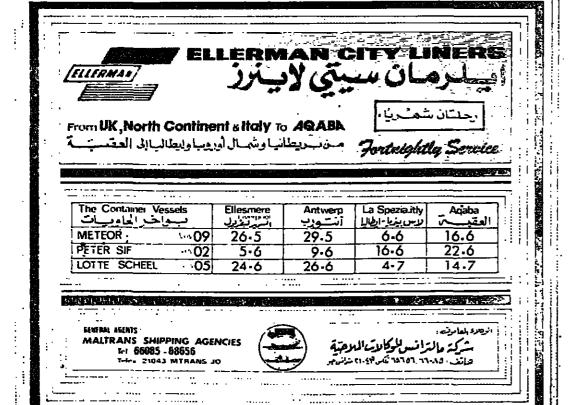
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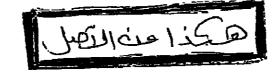
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### Randa Habib's

### Addresses: A Chinese puzzle

When you give your address to a new acquaintance, what do you lo? Do you indicate a well-known land near your residence, or do new hovscout and sketch a meticulous map or do you just give

rp and pass by your friend yourself? Addresses in Amman can be a real Chinese puzzle. Of course, nost of our streets have been labelled and it is said that the nunicipality insists on picking the names from Arab history.

If one street name, Dik Al Jinn Al Mahmassani (it is near the 3rd Circle in Jabal Amman) is hard to pronounce others are not, like Critrea Street or King Faisal Ibn Abdul Aziz Street. But the problem of the apartment buildings stays; few are numbered and when they are, it is still difficult to find the right number in the

Think of it; try as you read this to imagine that you have to give a zerson a particular address. You will immediately think "near..." But then to a perfect stranger this "near..." practically means

Should a tourist stop you one day and ask you the way to the Vinistry of Tourism, you can only tell him: "It is in Jabai Amman you reach the 3rd Circle, pass by the Ministry of information, the J.N. and the American Centre, turn right then straight and you will then see to your right the building of the Ministry of Tourism.

Yes but to do so, this tourist should know the location of the dinistry of Information or the U.N.

Would it not be easier to be able to simply say that the Ministry of Courism is No 1436. 111/83 of Mutamabi Street?

Yet it is really simple. The numbering of the buildings in Amma rould be continued and we should introduce in our daily language he use of street names and building numbers.

Taxi drivers, for example, should sit for a test on their know-ledge of the streets and their names; and last but not least to insist that the mail is properly and correctly addressed.

Things will then be simplified for all.

### seminar opens on use of ement; production expected to reach 2m tonnes

MMAN (Petra) - A seminar on the use and application of cement the construction industry began at the premises of the Royal cientific Society (RSS) on Sunday.

Public Works Minister Awni Al Masri delivered a speech at the pening of seminar indicating that cement production in Jordan rose om 200 tonnes per day in 1954 to 3,500 tonnes at present. He said re figure is expected to reach 6,500 tonnes next year. Against that, ordan's consumption of cement this year is expected to reach 2 tillion tonnes, costing JD 70 million.

Mr. Masri said the aim of the seminar is to highlight the importance f this vital industry and the significance of its good use as well as the ectors affecting it and its usefulness for the national economy. Workig papers in the seminar will deal with many important points lated to the methods of developing the cement industry in terms of uality and quantity.

Mr. Masri said he hoped the Jordan Cement Factories Company ould participate in establishing a research centre for cement and oncrete for continuous study on this vital material in order to stroduce everything that is new into the industry.

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### 2 embezzlement gangs apprehended in Amman

By Ahmad Kreishan

AMMAN — The anti-narcotics and embezzlement department apprehended in the last two weeks two gangs engaged in circulating forged checks in Amman, antinarcotics and embezzlement department Director Lt.-Col. Hani Al Qudah told the Jordan News Agency, Petra.

Col. Qudah said the first gang

consisted of six members, who came to Amman from the United States with checks issued by a bank in Chicago amounting to \$1 million. Immediately after their arrival in Amman, gang members began to cash the checks from the money changers, and cashed JD 15,000 before a money changer discovered that the checks were forged. The members of the gangwere arrested two hours after the money changer reported the incident to the department. The rest of the checks were seized and sent. to the courts. The gang is using Chicago as its headquarters and is linked to an organised crime gang there. INTERPOL offices throughout the world were informed about the gang.



embezzlers apprehended in Amman. (Petra photo)

As for the second gang, he said, it is composed of Lebanese nationals using Beirut as its headquarters and engaged in printing forefeited checks there.

Two gang members came to Amman and cashed a forefeited check amounting to JD 93,000 from a money changer, who discovered later that the check was forged. The two gang members were arrested. The gang members also used forged passports and cashed several forged checks in several parts of the world until they were finally arrested in Jordan. The forged checks were all issued in the name of the Al Rajihi money exchange enterprise in

### Anani back from ILO meeting

AMMAN (Petra) — Labour Minister Jawad Al Anani returned to Amman on Saturday evening after heading the Jordanian delegation to the four-day meetings of the 68th session of the International Labour Organisation (ILO) conference, held in Geneva on June 1.

Dr. Anani said the participants in the conference discussed several topics, notably the report of the ILO director-general, which dealt with the role of youth in the labour market.

The report also dealt with the results of the two ILO missions to Jordan, Syria, Lebanon and the occupied Arab territories to study the conditions of the Arab workers and businessmen.

Dr. Anani visited Britain after Geneva and discussed with British officials the possibility of benefiting from the British experiment in social security, labour statistics, labour safety and health, and vocational training. The minister said he delivered a speech at the British-Jordanian friendship society on the Jordanian labour mar-

## Balqa aids Lebanon with JD 27,000

AMMAN (Petra) - The Amman city contributions committee met on Sunday morning under Amman Mayor Isam Ajlouni and decided to draw up the basis for the contributions to be made by commercial banks to the victims of the Israeli invasion of Lebanon, with a minimum contribution of JD 25,000 for each bank. Balqa Governor

Mohammad Al Khatib said the contributions made in the governorate so far totalled JD 27,000. Meanwhile, President of the Jordanian Red Crescent Society Ahmad Abu Qourah has called on the heads of the professional trade unions, chambers of commerce and industry, and charitable societies to attend the meeting at the society premises on Tuesday. A spokesman for the society said that the society received a list from the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) containing the medicines needed for the relief operations, and anyone willing to offer medicines can call the society at telephone numbers 73141 and





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### **How long can the sadness last?**

THE SAUDI Arabian "warning" to Israel against occupying Beirut runs the great risk of further discrediting the Arabs as a collection of pseudo-states more inclined to talk than to act. And then again, the Saudi move could prove to be the start of the process by which the Arab World begins to regain its self-respect, and its ability to act. There have been so many previous Arab statements about using all of our potential to confront the Israeli enemy that one's instinctive reaction to yet another such statement is to disregard it as hollow rhetoric. Time will tell what is the

truth. In the meantime, however, the common theme running throughout the masses of Arab people is one that does not allow for much more rhetoric. The powerful sense of shame and disbelief among Arabs who have watched in silence as the American-backed Israeli army systematically invaded, occupied

and pacified yet another piece of Arab land is such that there cannot be very many more empty verbal threats from Arab leaders before the entire Arab World bursts apart in a fit of rage and exasperation.

Saudi Arabia obviously thought hard before issuing the warning that it did. We hope that it is prepared to back its words with action, as we are certain that if the Saudis took the lead in actually using all of their potential and their resources to confront Israel and its American backers they would find the rest of the Arab people anxious to join in the struggle. The situation now sees Israel as the military master of the region, making Arab material wealth an illusory asset that is directly or indirectly under the control of Israel and its financiers and armourers in Washington. Action, not words, will change the sad reality we endure today.

#### JORDAN'S ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: Jordanian-Romanian statement exemplifies peace-loving

The joint statement issued vesterday at the end of Romanian President Nicolae Ceausescu's visit to Jordan reflects the depth and comprehensiveness of the talks which His Majesty King Hussein had with the Romanian president, as well as the significance of the results of the visit whether as regards relations between the two friendly countries, or as regards the overall current situation in the Middle East.

The joint statement reaffirmed that the Palestinian issue is the crux of the Middle East dispute and the main reason for the dangers threatening peace in the Middle East, as well as that of the

Out of their understanding of the dangers posed by the Palestinian problem, the two leaders defined in the joint statement the means which should be followed to reach a just, durable and comprehensive solution of this issue, based on Israel's withdrawal from the occupied Arab territories, including Jerusalem, and on the recognition of the legitimate national rights of the Palestinian people, as well as the inevitability of the participation of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) in any international effort aimed at reaching a peaceful settlement.

The issuance of the joint Jordanian-Romanian statement has coincided with the Zionist invasion of Lebanon and the regional and international plots to liquidate the Palestinian people and their armed revolution, and this renders the statement more significant.

The unprecedented barbaric Zionist invasion of Lebanon is entering its third week and taking place under the pretext of working for peace. This peace, for the Zionist invaders and their American allies, means the obliteration of the Palestinian national identity and the liquidation of the Palestinian presence by military action, as well as overt plotting in order to impose capitulation on the area, to turn it into a Zionist-American area of influence, to loot its resources and to destroy the aspirations of its peoples for progress and pros-

The path of peace charted by the Jordanian-Romanian statement represents the will of the international community, and consequently, should be the goal of all the peace-loving forces in

#### Al Dustour: PLO is Israel's counterpart, in war and peace

The joint Jordanian-Romanian statement on President Ceausescu's visit to Jordan dealt with the question of peace at a time when Israel is carrying out as aggression on Lebanon. This clearly indicates that Jordan and Romania believe that an end should be put to the inhuman tragedies. caused by the Israeli aggression on the Arabs.

The statement defined the acceptable basis for any peace process in the area, based on Israel's full withdrawal from all the Arab areas occupied in the June 1967 aggression. This was a clear reference that the Israeli forces that invaded Lebanon and destroyed many of its towns and villages were carrying out a subversive, irresponsible action which can only be absolutely rejected, denounced

and condemned from the international point of

The statement also pointed out the need for convening an international conference under U.N. auspices with the participation of all the concerned parties, including the PLO. This is important in itself, because the PLO is capable of fighting Israel, and consequently it should be its counterpart in the peace negotiations. The criminal invasion of Lebanon has not undermined the PLO's international prestige. Furthermore, the tailure of the Camp David efforts and plots made the rejection of the American monopoly of the peace endeavours and the participation of the Soviet Union an essential matter.

## 'Resign, resign' transformed suddenly into 'Rule Britannia'

By Barry May Reuter

LONDON — Britain's victory over Argentina in the Falkland islands has thrust Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher to triumphant heights after seemingly facing the humiliation of defeat.

Ten weeks ago. Mrs. Thatcher and her ministers faced howls of "resign, resign" as they struggled to explain to parliament how Argentina's seizure of the islands had taken them by surprise. Her political stock was already

at an historic low. Opinion polls rated her Britain's most unpopular prime minister ever because of her handling of the British

Today she is basking in national acclaim after proclaiming victory

to cheering parliamentarians and being serenaded by crowds singing 'Rule Britannia' outside her Downing Street residence.

Iron lady, warrior queen

The 56-year-old shopkeeper's daughter who became Britain's first woman prime minister three years ago and rapidly earned a reputation as "the iron lady", has now taken on the mantle of a warrior queen in the eyes of her admirers.

Her political stock has soared since she surprised Argentina and most of the world by vowing to restore British rule to a remote group of islands populated by Even when the toll of battle

1.800 sheep farmers determined to fly the British flag at any cost.

began to mount -- as many as 250 men killed, seven ships sunk, and at least 15 aircraft lost - the government continued to enjoy public approval.

Opposition politicians wondered nervously whether Mrs. Thatcher would seize the moment of victory to call a snap general

election. But the idea that the government would try to engineer an election on the outcome of the expedition was rejected by Cecil Parkinson, chairman of the ruling party, member of Mrs. Thatcher's war cabinet and close confidant of the prime minister.

An early political victim of the crisis was Lord Carrington, who stepped down as foreign secretary, taking with him two senior foreign

Who claims victory?

Now that the conflict is over, the future of defence secretary John Nott is also uncertain, political sources said. Some members of parliament believe a cabinet reshuffle cannot be ruled out.

Media chiefs, complaining about his ministry's handling of news and press facilities, said Argentina was at times winning the propaganda war.

In a radio interview, Mr. Nott rejected suggestions that he should resign because his costcutting policy of reducing the strength of the navy had failed.

Mr. Nott, whose resignation was rejected by Mrs. Thatcher at Lord Carrington, said: "There is no reason for me to resign now after a great victory by British

On the opposition side David Owen, the former cabinet minister who now heads the social democrats in parliament, appeared most likely to emerge a winner with his considered pronouncements just when his former cabinet colleague Roy Jenkins freshly returned to parliament, as a social democrat, was trying to re-establish himself as a political heavyweight.

But the Social Democratic Party as a whole suffered from the conflict and for the Labour Party, the Falkland crisis was the cause of yet another rift between its feudthe time when she accepted that of ing left and centre-left factions.

### Betrayed Argentina moves closer to Third World and Latin America

By Claude Regin

No rapprochement with East

BUENOS AIRES - The surrender of the Argentine troops on the Falkland Islands (Malvinas) may lead to an end of hostilities with Britain, but Argentina is likely to remain at odds for years to come with Western Europe and the United States and seek a new place for itself in the world.

Most diplomatic analysts believe that the result will be a temporary realignment of Argentina's foreign policy towards closer relations with the Third World in general and Latin

America in particular. The dispute with Britain and soured relations with London's allies have been a traumatic experience for Argentines, mostly descendants of European immigrants who considered their country a bastion of Western civilisation in Latin America.

Argentines complain that their April takeover of the bleak windswept archipelago to which they had laid claim for a century and a half met with hostility and misunderstanding from those countries they felt closest to.

This led to soul-searching on Argentina's place in world. Diplomats point to a revival of Argentina's connections with the non-aligned movement.

The well-publicised embrace between Foreign Minister Nicanor Costa Mendez and Cuban leader Fidel Castro at a nonaligned meeting in Havana earlier this month would have been unthinkable only two months ago.

Argentina joined the grouping under the late populist dictator Juan Domingo Peron in 1973, but n to distance itself after the military seized power three years

But an often-heard remark these days throughout Argentina is: "Now at least we know who our real friends are." Although some countries

objected to Argentina's use of force in the April 2 takeover of the islands, its claim to sovereignty mustered overwhelming support at the Havana meeting and will be useful when or if the issue goes to the U.N. General Assembly where the Third World has a built-in majority.

While forging closer ties with a Third World movement headed by communist Cuba. there seems little likelihood that Argentina's London over the Falklands issue. staunchly anti-communist military government will initiate a similar rapprochement with Moscow and

its East European allies. Most Argentine political commentators see the Falklands prob-

lem as a North-South issue. Writing in the daily La Nacion professor of political history summed up Argentina's current position by saying: "We are a Western nation but we belong to the South, something we never realised until reality tore to bits the dream of an Argentina some believed was similar to Canada or Holland.

Argentina will also strive to forge closer links with a Latin America it had largely ignored and which has shown a certain degree of solidarity throughout the crisis.

Yet regional support has been more rhetorical than concrete because of what many see as the political and economic weight of the United States in the Organisation of American States (OAS). Little less than treachery

Argentina's relations with the United States will probably take longer to mend than with any other country which has sided with

"We fought a war with Britain but we received a stab in the back from the United States." is a recurrent and bitter reaction from average Argentines.

This is a reference to a shift in U.S. policy from a mediating role to that of staunch ally of Britain. While this raised eyebrows in other countries on the continent, in Argentina it was seen as little less than treachery.

The conflict put an abrupt end to blossing relations between the Reagan administration and the Argentine military junta, who shared the same concern over alleged communist penetration in Central America.

But diplomatic sources said the Argentine government would probably stop short of severing diblomatic relations with Washington on whom it relies to help it soften Britain's position during any future negotiations on



### **LETTERS**

If you do not like the airport looks...

To the Editor:

As one of Randa Habib's fans, even though I have never had the honour to meet the writer. I find her column interesting, fun. and educating. Thus, this letter is an answer to Lamia's letter to the editor, published in the Jordan Times on June 14, 1982.

I do not believe that writing about Jordan's International Airport is "hanging out the Jordanian people's dirty linen for the foreigners' to read". I am sure that every foreigner here has seen our airport, and knows all about it without reading this newspaper. Lamia mentions that Habib's column is "rather clumsy, out of place, and out of date", well you know, I find Lamia's letter to meet all those qualities more so than Randa's articles. I do not believe that hiding facts of life is going to make reality go away. Some unrealistic people, like the writer of the letter, would like to live on cloud nine all the time, and think that by concealing the truth we will make ugliness go away.

True, we are not an affluent nation, and we are not a Western nation, but we need not be in order to have a decent airport that we can be proud of. Instead of nagging so much about the truth being exposed, Lamia should do something more constructive about the whole situation. like face it. The only way for problems to be solved is to expose them. Most affluent Western nations have solved their biggest problems through citizens' concern and criticism, not by beating about the bush and hiding or avoiding the

Lamia seems to really worry about "what will the foreigners think" which is certainly an outdated attitude. I do not believe that Jordan Times' readers are all foreigners. She may consider me one, by her narrow-minded and old-fashioned standards; but I certainly consider myself as "one of the family", having a Jordanian husband and two boys by him, and residing in this country. I love Jordan and I am as proud of it as any Jordanian; and as such I will like to help solve its problems, not help hide them from the public eye to satisfy anyone's childish fantasies that everything is just 'rosy' and that we must keep a status quo to please the "coffee-drinking ladies" who just like to sit around all day and talk about beautiful things over a cup of coffee or tea and a dozen cigarettes.

If we are going to do away with prejudice and narrowmindedness, I suggest that we start right at home. Remarks about "those foreigners" are not going to achieve much. Enough worrying about "those foreigners" and enough using "those Egyptian workers". Maybe I care more about those workers than Lamia does, and not only because they are Arabs and "hard working labourers", but because they are human beings and part of this world as I am, and because they touch our lives one way or the

Yes, certainly, the pages of the Jordan Times should be better utilised. They should be utilised as learning tools. A newspaper should not just be a bundle of bad news and cold reports stuck together, but rather it should be a means of communication and it should express people's opinions, so that we may learn from each other. We may not always agree, but we always have the choice to express our points of view.

Finally I would like to say that if Lamia does not like the way the airport looks, and feels hurt and threatened by Randa Habib's article, she should do something about beautifying it, and I will be the first one to volunteer to clean up and fix up the place. I very strongly believe that Randa's Corner should continue to be published and look forward to every article; which brings a little sunshine to the Jordan Times. As such, I am offering my standpoint, my help, and at the bottom of this letter I shall proudly sign both my first and last names.

Mrs. Marina S. Rashid Suweileh

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Paintings by Lebanese artist Bassam Nast, at the Holiday Inn hotel.

#### CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Armman, tel. 24590, Church of the Annunctation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh, 37440, De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Hussein, 66428. Church of the Annunciation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali, 23541. Anglican Church (Church of the Redeemer) Jabal Amman, 43453. Armenian Catholic Church Ashralieh, Armenian Orthodox Church Ashrafich. St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Orthodox)

#### PRAYER TIMES

Amman International Church (Inter-

denominationali: meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, 63249.

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### FOR THE TRAVELLER

AMMAN AIRPORT This information is supplied by Alia

#### ARRIVALS

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14:00
15:10 Tripoli (1 16:30 Kuwait (K/

### information department at Amman Air-port tel. 92205-to, where it should always be verified. 20:15

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..... Damascus (RJ) .... Abu Dhabi (RJ)

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### Baghdad (RJ) ... Kuwait (RJ) Jeddah (RJ)

..... Doha .. Cairo (RJ)

### MONEY EXCHANGE

..... Baghdad (RJ) ..... Abu Dhabi, Dubai (RJ)

#### JORDAN MARKET

Local sell'buy rates in fils
lelgian franc
/utch guilder
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rench franc
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talian lire (for 100) 25,7/ 25,9
apanese ven (for 100) 140/ 140/8
Cuwaiti dinar 1228.3/ [236.6
.etanese lira
Omani riyal 1018.3/1025
Jalan myal 97.1; 97.7
Saudi riyal 103.1:103.7
Swedish crown
Swiss Itanc
syrian lira 60.7/ 61.5
UALE durham
U.K. sterling round 617.3/ 621
U.S. dollar
W German mark 1417/164

#### WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of Meteorology.
Normal summer weather will continue with northwesterly moderate winds. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly moderrate and seas calm. %.C. N33 5/38 N37 N38

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Amman	าลั
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Yesterday's high temperature	
ings: Amman 32. Aqaba 37. H	
readings: Amman 28 per cent.	uiiii
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ZARQA Dr. Musa Taha Odeh
IRBID
Dr. Fakhri Swelih 3240/2928
Buthayneh pharmacy 4604
GENERAL
Jordan Television 73111
Radio Jordan 74111
Ministry of Tourism 42311
Hotel complaints 66412
Price complaints 61176

Jordan and Middle East calls ...... 10

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Al-Khayyam taxi .

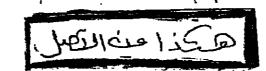
Al-Ahram taxi .....

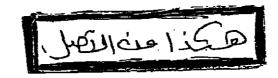
nformation

Overseas calls .....

## Upperliower price in fils per kg. Grape leaves

Apple (Amcan)	Green onion
Apple (American) 500 / 450	Hot Green Pepper
Apple (Double Red) 280 / 200	Lemon
Apple (Golden) 280 / 200	Marrow (large) 170 / (40
Apple (Japanese) (_V (_)	Marros (small)
Apple (Local)	Melon220 / 180
Apple (Starken)	Okra
Apple (Turkish) 300 / 250	Onion (dry)
APROOT	Onion (green)
Banana	Orange (Shamouti)
Banana (Mukammar) 225 / 180	
DC205 350 / 300	Orange (Valencia)
Broad Beans 170 / 140	Parsley
	Peaches
Cabbage 100 / 80	Pears
Carrot	Plums 350 / 300
Couliforms (which	Polato (imported) 150 / 120
Cauliflower (white) 230 / 200	Radish 100 / 100
Cherries	Red Cherries 450 / 400
Cucumber (large) 180 / 150	Sage450 / 350
Cocumper (small) 240 / 200	Spinach(—)/(—)
Eggplant (small) 180 / 140	Sweet Pepper
raqqous	Tomato
Garlic	Water Mellow (Mlukhigh) 110 / 80
Grapefruit (—) / (—)	Water Melon 180 / 1-10
	1.150M





## In Arab oil embargo could harm the West despite glut

By Nicholas Moore

ONDON — Arab oil sanctions against ne West to exert pressure for an Israeli rithdrawal from Lebanon might be nade to bite despite the recent glut in the rorld market, according to oil company

lut they said a still-soft market ht mean the Arabs had to cut ady-depressed output so far . it would entail major financial A. Grant ctive. ifice, if an embargo were to be

ibya, with Syrian and some erian backing, urged an pargo at an Arab oil ministers' sting in Tunis last Thursday but di Arabia opposed it, sources e to the meeting said. The sting decided the issue should

eft for an Arab summit. summit on the Lebanese

fighting has been proposed but a preparatory foreign ministers' meeting has yet to be held.

Arab oil exporters led by Saudi Arabia imposed an oil embargo on the West at the time of the 1973 Middle East war. Sales to the United States and the Netherlands were halted and output generally was progressively cut.

No crippling shortages occurred but the tight market allowed the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) to take control of world oil prices and

treble them in a year, creating the OPEC oil.

so-called "energy crisis."
The 1973 embargo is partly to blame for the recent slump in demand for OPEC oil. It prompted a search for oil in "safe" areas like Alaska and the North Sea and the use of more gas, coal and nuclear power.

A further 150 per cent price rise in 1979 accelerated this process and helped tilt the West into a recession that reduced oil demand still more.

#### Saudi reluctance

Oil company executives said Saudi Arabia, by far the biggest exporter, is probably reluctant to use the Arab oil weapon now.

Such a measure would presumably induce another price boost. But the current Saudi tactic is to try to freeze the existing rate of \$34 a barrel until the end of 1983 on the assumption that price restraint will lure the West back to

There is evidence, too, that the tactic is working. Coal demand is rising only sluggishly. Oil companies are shelving costly synthetic fuel projects and the development of high-cost oil fields in the North Sea. Petrol use may be edging up.

But oil company Saudiwatchers do not exclude the pos-

#### **NEWS ANALYSIS**

sibility that political pressures might tug Saudi Arabia's new King Fahd the other way.
The Petroleum Intelligence

Weekly (PIW), a respected New York trade newsletter, last week portrayed the Saudis and other conservative Arab oil states as frustrated by their Western friends' inability to restrain Israel. It also saw them as nervous

about the intentions of radical Iran, flushed with victory in recent Gulf war battles with Iraq. Iran takes a militant line against Israel whilst accusing Arab conservatives of subservience to the

#### Not encouraging

Could an oil embargo work in a market just emerging from a glut so disastrous that at one time it threatened to send prices into a tailspin and wreck the 21-year-old OPEC?

The arithmetic would not be encouraging for the Arabs. Industry estimates suggest their total output does not exceed 13 million barrels daily, compared with more than 20 million in 1979, a peak year. Some face financial dif-

So do several non-Arab exporters which have also been hit by falling sales and might raise their output if the Arabs cut.

Meanwhile the West responded to the 1973 crisis by creating the Paris-based International Energy Agency (TEA) of the United States, Japan and 19 other Westem countries.

The IEA can in theory assume emergency powers to require members to share their oil stocks which it puts at nearly three billion barrels or enough for more than

The United States meanwhile depends on Araboil for little more than 10 per cent of its total oil

20 weeks' total imports.

Market analysts calculated that to beat the IEA and offset the capacity of non-Arab exporters to pump more oil, the Arabs might need to cut their already-low output by 25 or 50 per cent. "That would hurt them, but think what it would do to the price," said one oil

#### Oil demand

The oil industry is also notoriously jittery, he added. Both the IEA and OPEC pre-

company economist.

dict that oil demand will revive by up to four million barrels daily by the end of the year.

Petroleum Intelligence Weekly raised the possibility that the exporters could retaliate against the West simply by trying to hold OPEC output down where it is. rather than meet rising demand.

Nervous oil companies might then complete the Arabs' work for them by rushing to rebuild their stocks - which are now being drained by 1.5 to about two million barrels daily -- and creating a tight, sellers' market.

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### Indonesia steps up coal exploitation

JAKARTA, (OPECNA) — The general surveys had already been Indonesian government is to cooperate with four foreign companies in a coal exploration project in south and east Kalimantan early next year.

A spokesman for Batubara, the state-run coal corporation, said

completed and the contractors were expected to reach the exploitation stage within five to eight

The companies involved are Arutmin Indonesia, Utah Indonesia, Agip-Consel joint ven-

ture and Kaltim Prima Coal.

The spokesman said many foreign companies were interested in developing Indonesian coal, including Consol Coal Ltd. (USA), a subsidiary of Conoco. and Nisso Iwai (Japan), in association with Mobil Oil (USA).

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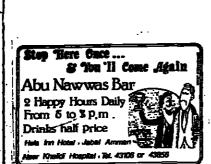
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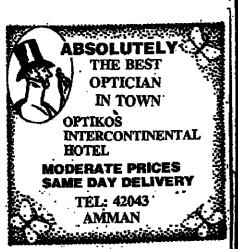








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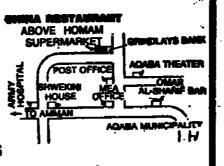
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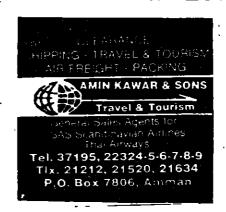


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## Americans likely to dominate '82 edition of Wimbledon

LONDON (R) — Americans seem likely to dominate the first Wimbledon for a decade without Bjorn Borg when the 1982 edition of the world's premier tennis event opens Monday.

Wimbledon over the past 10 years has been a festival of drinking champagne, eating strawberries and watching Borg.

game here in 1972, showing his vast potential by winning the junior crown at the age of 16. Three years later he took the first

secutive victories which ended with his defeat by American John McEnroe in last year's final.

Borg, just 26, is not the only big name missing here. Ivan Lendi. the 22-year-old Czechoslovak who ran roughshod over all opposition from the end of the last U.S. court game.

For the hundreds of thousands

The peerless Swede made his of five successive men's titles in a Open, has dropped out because of a dislike of grass and a clay court Davis Cup tie in Prague next

> Argentines Guillermo Vilas and Jose-Luis Clerc are absent and American Eliot Teltscher has decided to sun himself on a Californian beach rather than submit to the demands of the grass

### England looks ahead for round 2 BILBAO (R) — England looked came close to scoring on many | keeper Stanislav Seman dropped a

virtually certain of a place in the second round of the World Cup with an impressive 2-0 group four win over Czechoslovakia in the San Mames stadium Sunday.

It was a record eighth consecutive victory for England and in those eight games they have conceded only two goals.

Two defensive errors gave them their goals Sunday but they dominated the East European side and minute after Czechoslovak goal-

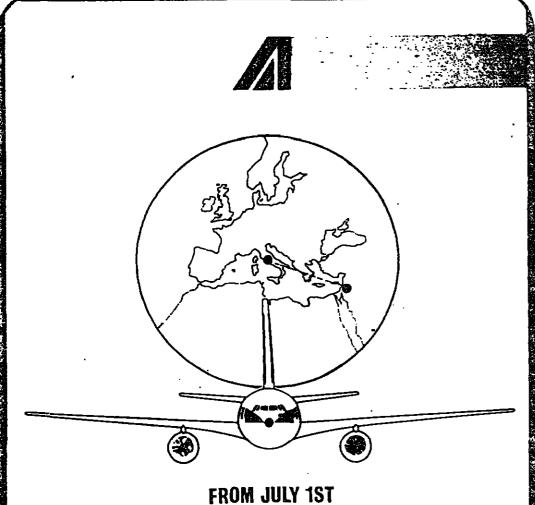
The win followed an equally impressive victory over France in

top of the group table. Manchester City's Trevor Francis, showing he will not easily give up the team place he won through Kevin Keegan's back injury, opened the scoring in the 62nd

corner from the left by Ray Wil

Five minutes later Czechos: their opening game and streng-thened England's position at the were clearly sliding out of the

> Paul Mariner hit what looked like a half-shot which Seman seemed to have covered. But defender Jozef Barmos, trying to block the ball, deflected it agonisingly slowly just inside the post



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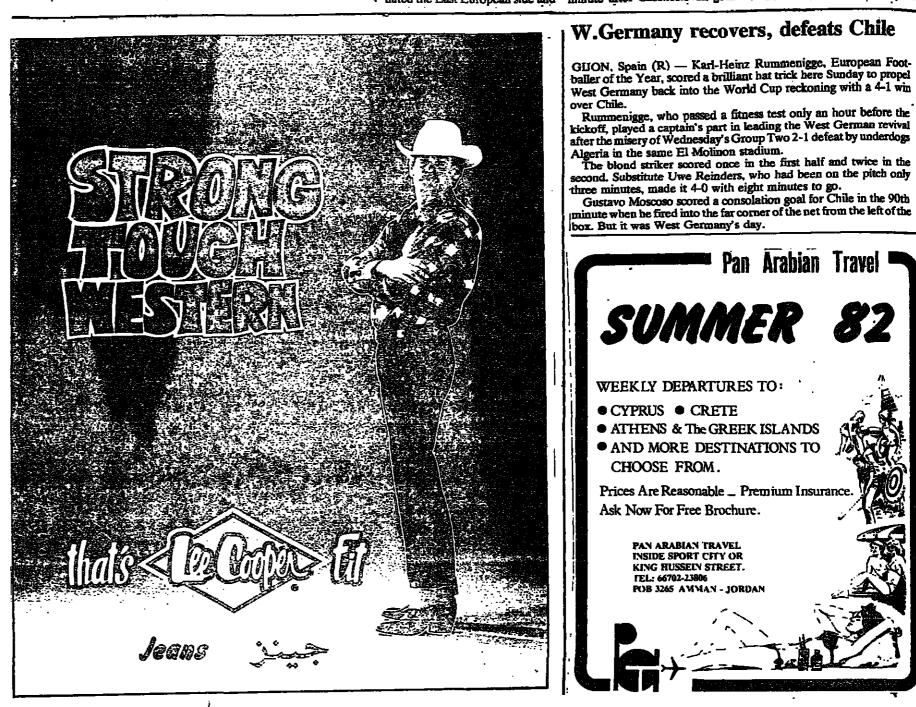
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Algeria in the same El Molinon stadium.

The blond striker scored once in the first half and twice in the second. Substitute Uwe Reinders, who had been on the pitch only three minutes, made it 4-0 with eight minutes to go.

Gustavo Moscoso scored a consolation goal for Chile in the 90th minute when he fired into the far corner of the net from the left of the box. But it was West Germany's day. Pan Arabian Travel SUMMER WEEKLY DEPARTURES TO: ● CYPRUS ● CRETE ATHENS & The GREEK ISLANDS

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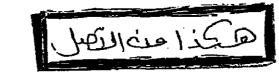
> PAN ARABIAN TRAVEL INSIDE SPORT CITY OR KING HUSSEIN STREET. POB 3265 AWMAN - JORDAN

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# long Kong's Jockey 'lub is onto a winner

Cottrell seeks the truth behind the old saying that Cong is run by "the Jockey Club, Jardine, Matheson, k and the Governor - in that order."

KONG — It is one of the 100-government employ- the local central bank. The chief ing Kong yet its assets are tised on only one or two eek. Its turnover this year to top HK\$10 billion 7 billion) yet its conon the bank's board is Mr. David Newbigging, Jockey Club steward and chairman of Jardine, Mathe-

board is unpaid. Its tax ts contribute almost 5 per the government's recurvenue, yet it is a nonraking concern. It cannot e, yet it has all the custom

singular organisation in 1 is the Royal Hong Kong Club of Sports Road. Valley. It owns two magrececourses, has a mono-1 the only locally legal ig and, from its profits. naritable donations runo hundreds of millions of also operates a lottery ilf of the government.

enue terms, the Jockey up with Hong Kong's businesses. Its "stewards" honorary directors -- are, r, drawn from a very small the charmed circle of il men who already know ther from the chambers of nent, the country clubs e big corporate boar-

Aichael Sandberg, the Jocmg Kong and Shanghai

IAHDY

AITED

NSUIN

executive is General Sir John Archer, formerly the commander of the British forces in Hong Kong and a director of "the bank". Also

Mr. Newbigging and Mr. Sandberg will also bump into one another at meetings of the government's exclusive council "Exco" on which they sit alongside fellow stewards Mr. Oswald Cheung QC, and Mr. Li Fook Wo. All but one of the stewards are iustices of the peace, and there are

son, the Hong Kong Land Com-

pany and dozens of other con-

many other connections. Hong Kong is, in short, the sort of place where one position of authority tends to lead to another. It is this concentration of influence which probably inspired the old chestnut, guaranteed to set Hong Kong teeth on edge, that the Col-ony is run by "the Jockey Club, Jardine, Matheson, the bank, and the governor - in that order" though the order does tend to vary

with whoever says it. Horse-racing is hardly a power-base in its own right, but enthusiasm for it brings together a ib's chairman, also chairs formidable team, and it is a bluechip status which goes hand in

> HOW JONAH FELT WHEN THE WHALE SWALLOWED HIM.

Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as sug-

d by the above cartoon.

Jumbles: UNIFY CRAZE FEWEST TOWARD

Answer: It seems rather funny that all five vowels appear in this word in their correct order—"FACETIOUS"

UNBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arnold and Boh Loo

hand with the betting franchise from the government. We depend," says Gen. Sir John Archer, "on the confidence of the

The public was sufficiently confident in the 1980-81 season to wager HK\$8.75 billion on the Jockey Club's book, and the total this year will probably be more like HK\$10.6 billion.

The club operates off- as well as on-course betting. Off-course betting was granted to the club in 1973 as part of the drive to stamp out illegal bookmakers, and the effect has been dramatic. Last year's club betting turnover, with 120 off-course offices in operation, was 14 times the HK\$610 million turnover seen in 1973.

The club itself has a member of iust over, 9,000, 200 of whom have voting rights in the election of stewards. They enjoy private facilities for recreation and refreshment, plus the right to own and race horses. Demand for ownership is high, with the club reckoning that at least half its owners make more in winnings than they pay cut in the unkeep of

To cope with demand, the club allocates horse ownership on a ballot system. Members subscribe HK\$40,000 to draw for a horse, and a further HK\$3,900 is payable each month in livery charges.

The history of local racing goes back almost as far as the history of British Hong Kong. A race meeting. probably in Happy Valley, was advertised in 1846, five years after the Colony was settled. Enthusiasts formed themselves into the Jockey Club in 1884, with military men and even the occasional governor among the riders.

The club gained its royal prefix in 1960, and in 1971 it moved racing on to a strictly professional footing to permit stricter control.

The new Shatin racecourse in the New Territories was opened in 1978, and off-course betting has been developed over the past

Passions for horseflesh - on the hoof rather than the plate - run high in Hong Kong among locals and expatriates alike. Race meetings routinely sell out to crowds of over 35,000, and it is not unknown for a local newspaper to devote an entire leader to the merits of a particular form of bet.

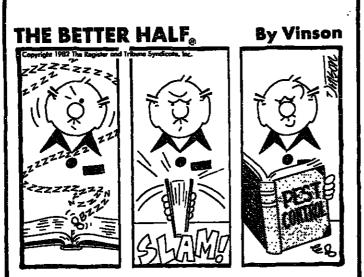
Even among those locals who go neither racing nor betting, the Jockey Club is known by another face. Since its articles of associ-ation were amended in 1918 to allow it to give to charity, millions of dollars have flowed out of its profits to fund swimming pools, hospitals, schools, cases of individual need and major social pro-

By June last year it had given capital funding of HK\$205 million to endow and oceanarium, Ocean Park near Aberdeen on Hong Kong Island.

More recently, the club has committed itself to spending HK\$300 million on an academy for the performing arts, which is planned to open in the club's centenary year.

The charitable surplus varies according to the club's own funding requirements, but last year's split was representative, with HK\$220 million being transferred to the charities account out of an after-tax surplus of HK\$501 million. Can the club grow much further? The answer is that it would be a brave man who tried to define the limits of the gambling market in Hong Kong, and the policy of gradually opening new off-course betting shops should keep revenues of few points ahead of inflation in the years to come.

-- Financial Times news feature



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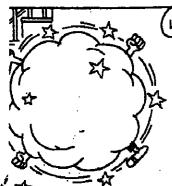








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ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Plan how to advance in career matters. Communications from a distance require that you make prompt decisions. TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Engage in a new activity

that can help you have added income in the future. Show that you have outstanding ability. GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) You have excellent

talents and can now put them to work and gain added benefits. Much care in motion is important now. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Try to be more. thoughtful of those you come in contact with today. Be

more concerned with your health. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Good day to catch up on correspondence you've been putting off for some time. Take

on a more optimistic outlook on life. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Begin the new workweek properly by forging ahead where career matters are concerned. Make plans for the future.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) You have fine ideas that can help you to advance, so waste no time in putting them

in operation. Think constructively. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Plan how to discharge agreements best and in an orthodox fashion, then carry

through. Use more common sense. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Give more attention to associates today and help them with their aims.

Show more devotion to loved one. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Study your work

schedule well and you can then accomplish a great deal today. Stick to the tried and true. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Be more encouraging

to others and gain added goodwill. Use tact and diplomacy in handling a business matter. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) You know what family

members expect of you, so try to please them to the best of your ability. Express happiness. IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . he or she will

be one who can think very fast in an emergency and one who can combine mental ability with physical dexterity. Be sure to send to college where the most can be made of these talents and capabilities.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

# THE Daily Crossword by John H. Hales

**ACROSS** 28 Sponsor 30 Throws 1 Katmandu's rocks at country

notice,

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satisfac

32 Deal with

33 European

Junipers 35 USMC

38 The life

Pouched bird 3 Court

figures 15 Texas city 16 Truancy 17 Dark red 8 Hang

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39 Lahr or 40 Idvilic 42 Dots of land: Fr.

Answers for yesterday's puzzle were not received due to poster delay. The Jordan Times apologises to our

readers for the incon-

13 Loosefitting

14 Shabby 46 Saturated 19 Cathedral 48 Sourness: 23 Moon 49 Roman goddess 25 Lyric historian

poems 26 "The Bridge (honeymoon spot) 53 Safekeeping of San -27 Military 54 Went around

55 Growing cap 29 Comply with 30 Vessel's objective **DOWN** 32 Swerves

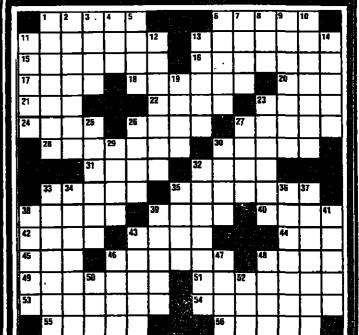
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37 Spanish of money gentlemen 38 Schisms 5 Settle to earth 39 World-wea 41 Defense

Gentle org. 43 Extort incline 8 Heady 46 RBI, for 47 Levee

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# WORLD Haig raps Soviet missile tests after talks with Gromyko

NEW YORK (R) -- Secretary of State Alexander Haig has accused the Soviet Union of launching a string of missiles over the past few days, after declaring at the United Nations it supported arms control.

Mr. Haig made the accusation after more than nine hours of talks with Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko, telling a press conference "Such activity belies by specific action the words put forth to the world audience in New York this week."

Mr. Haig did not say that the Soviet Action, involving several missile and anti-missile tests, broke any treaty or international agreement. But his criticism apparently represented a U.S. effort to counter the Kremlin's newly-announced pledge not to be the first to use nuclear arms.

He said Moscow carried out an unusually high level of strategic activity after Mr. Gromyko's speech at a U.N. special session on disarmament.

According to Mr. Haig, the Soviet activity included tests of an anti-satellite weapon, two intercontinental ballistic missile launches, a mobile SS-20 missile launch, a submarine launched bailistic missile test and two antimissile interceptions.

Mr. Haig said he did not raise the matter during his talks with Mr. Gromyko — their third round of discussions this year - because U.S. information on the tests was gathered together only on Friday

Asked whether Washington planned to make an official protest to the Soviet government, Mr. Haig said he wanted to consider the information further.

#### Pravda criticises Reagan

MOSCOW (R) - Talks on arms cuts with the United States would get nowhere unless President Reagan gave up looking at the world as a Roman Caesar, the Soviet daily Pravda said Sunday.

The president's speech to the United Nations last week had shown that U.S. leaders were "latter-day candidates for the post of world dictator", the Communist Party newspaper said.

Most countries had been expecting Mr. Reagan to offer new proposals on reducing nuclear weapons but instead he made an empty propaganda speech full of slander against the Soviet Union, Pravda said.

Pravda said the suggestions Mr. Reagan did make on how to cut arms reflected nothing more than U.S. ambitions to weaken the Soviet bloc and achieve an overall military superiority.

Occupants of the White House seemed to think they had been entrusted by God with the leadership of the world and like the Roman Caesars their only interest was in weakening other countries and strengthening their own empire, Pravda said.

The first Soviet press commentaries on Mr. Reagan's speech were relatively mild and appeared to reflect a desire not to escalate polemics before the new arms talks and a proposed U.S.-Soviet

ummit in the autumn. But the sharp tone of Sunday's Pravda article suggested Kremlin leaders had been deeply angered by Mr. Reagan's remarks and after consultation had decided to respond in kind, Western diplomats said.

### Kennedy's freeze plan possible platform for bid for presidency

PHILADELPHIA (R) - Demo-support for Sen. Kennedy, 30 per crats are likely to endorse Sen. Edward Kennedy's nuclear freeze plan here this week, thereby giving him a possible platform to launch another bid for the presidency in 1984.

Sen. Kennedy, former vice president Walter Mondale and four other potential Democratic presaddress the 1982 national party conference which starts on Friday afternoon.

At just such a conference in Memphis four years ago, Sen. Kennedy brought delegates cheering to their feet with a rousing speech that started the push for his unsuccessful 1980 presidential campaign.

Early polls show late President John Kennedy's brother leading the field for the Democratic nomination.

A recent poll found 32 per cent

cent for Mr. Mondale, 13 per cent for Sen. John Glenn of Ohio, and small support for other potential contenders: senators Gary Hart of Colorado, Alan Cranston of California and Ernest Hollings of South Carolina, and former Florida governor Reubin Askew.

Former President Richard Kennedy will be the Democratic nominee but that President Reagan will win re-election.

This week the Democrats will work on a 109-page draft policy statement that includes Sen. Kennedy's proposal for a U.S.-Soviet nuclear arms freeze followed by negotiated reductions, a proposal opposed by President Reagan.

The draft policy statement also declares that the challenge for opposition Democrats "is to spur recovery from the Reagan recession and to put Americans back to

## GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES H. GOREN © 1982 Tribune Company Syndicate, Inc.

Both vulnerable. West deals. NORTH **4762** 

♥ AQJ10 ♦ J983 WEST **EAST** 

♥976532 ♥ K 84 OAKQ106 + KJ62 +Q975 SOUTH ↑ A QJ 108543 ♥ Veid ♦ 52

**♣** A 104

The bidding: West North East South Pass Pass 1 V Pass Pass Pass Opening lead: Seven of O.

Many people have a grudging respect for the con man. At the bridge table, he is often venerated. Here's one in action.

The bidding is of only passing interest. East held a sound opening bid and South bid what he thought he could

West led his top diamond, East won the ten and continued with the king and ace. Declarer ruffed with the ten of trumps and West sluffed a club!

Declarer was convinced that the king of spades was to his right. Since he wanted

to get to dummy to take the trump finesse in case East held a guarded king of spades, declarer conceded a club. East won and continued with the queen of diamonds, and now West overruffed with his king of trumps for a one-trick set.

Perhaps you don't fully appreciate West's bit of larceny, but let us look at what happened at the other Able in the team match from which this hand was taken.

Here, too, the contract was four spades and here, too, the defenders started with three rounds of diamonds. However, this time when declarer ruffed, West overruffed with the king and shifted to a club.

Declarer won the ace of clubs and drew the outstanding trump with the ace of spades. Now declarer crossed to dummy by leading the three of trumps to the six. On the ace of hearts he discarded a club, and then led the queen of hearts for a ruffing finesse. East covered with the king and declarer took care to ruff with a high trump. He re-entered dummy by leading the four of trumps to the seven and disposed of his remaining club loser on a high heart. So declarer ended up with ten tricks, losing only two diamonds and a

#### Brezhnev votes, wife absent in local polls

MOSCOW (R) — Soviet leader Leonid Brezhnev voted in local elections Sunday but his wife Viktoriya, who normally accompanies him to the polling station, was

Mr. Brezhnev, 75, looked healthy and walked unaided when he cast his vote at a school building in Moscow's Kutuzovsky Prospekt,

where he has a city apartment. He smiled warmly at polling officials when they stood up to applaud him as he entered. He made no remarks except "Thank you" when handed his ballot pap-

Mrs. Brezhnev is seldom seen in public though in the past she has always accompanied her husband on visits to the polls.

Sunday's elections were for local and district councils and for

### Liberty statue needs repairs

Mr. Iacocca said Saturday \$100

#### **Shaky Kampuchean coalition** expected to pressure Vietnam

lomats here.

also enable the non-Communist Association of South East Asian Nations (ASEAN) to take carrot and stick approach in dealing with Soviet-backed Vietnam and time is on the side of the five-member

conference here to keep the door open for contact with Vietnam while trying to maintain pressure through the coalition-providing it is able to function in unison against an estimated 200,000 Vie-

Walter Stoessel, EEC Council President Leo Tindemans and the foreign ministers from Australia, New Zealand, Canada and Japan all firmly endorsed the ASEAN policy line on Indochina while formation of the coalition was welcomed as an achievement for ASEAN's diplomatic efforts to end the four-year-old conflict in Kampuchea.

The coalition broadens the base of the Khmer Rouge government—ousted from Phnom Penh in January 1979, by Vietnamese-led forces but still the country's representative in the United Nations-by including the non-Communist Khmer National Peoples Front (KPNLF) and the Moulinaka faction headed by former head of state Prince Norodom Sihanouk.

grouping, they added.

tnamese troops in Kampuchea.

U.S. Deputy Secretary of State

Doubts expressed by many ASEAN officials over the ability

NEW YORK (R) — Liberty is in danger and needs \$100 million to

President Reagan and headed by Chrysler Corporation chairman Lee lacocca have begun a fundraising drive to refurbish the statue in New York Bay, given to the United States by France in

commission wants to finish the

The statue of Liberty, for nearly century the symbol of the United

A commission appointed by

SINGAPORE (R) - A coalition formed by three resistance groups in Kampuchea should help leading non-Communist nations of South East Asia to maintain pressure on Vietnam to reach a political solution there, according to dip-

Formation of the coalition will

Vietnam has responded however by denouncing these efforts. with the army newspaper Nhan Dan declaring that ASEAN's Persistent efforts to help rig up a tripartite Kampuchean organisation are unwise."

of the three groups to function in unity were amplified when none of the association's Western allies or Japan would commit themselves to providing material aid to the coalition at this stage.

States, is feeling its age. Experts say its green-tinged copper skin and iron infrastructure need immediate attention.

1886.

million would be needed to save the 305-foot (90 metre) statue and to restore the nearby Ellis Island as a memorial to America's immigrants. Mr. Iacocca, whose parents were among more than 12 million immigrants who landed at the Ellis Island reception centre between 1892 and 1954, said the projects by the statue's centennial.

No arms for anybody Mr. Stoessel declared flatly that Washington would neither supply arms to the groups nor have any dealings with the Peking-backed Khmer Rouge which ruled Kampuchea ruthlessly from April 1975, until it was ousted from

Phnom Penh. ASEAN's other Western partners also made clear that the coalition was still not palatable to their national tastes. Even close associates of 72-

year-old KPNLF leader Son Sann said in Bangkok their movement had agreed to join the coalition ASEAN agreed at a week-long only because of the prospect of receiving aid. Another pointer to the fragility

of the coalition was the disintegration of a similar grouping a few days after it was set up in Singapore last September. But Khmer Rouge leader Khieu Samphan, Son Sann, and Prince Sihanouk are scheduled to meet in

the Malaysian capital Kuala Lumpur Monday to sign an agreement on forming a coalition government and set guidelines for future collaboration. The inner cabinet will consist of Prince Sihanouk as president.

Khieu Samphan as vice-president and Son Sann as prime minister. Each group would maintain its own identity and there would be no union of their forces, KPNLF

sources in Bangkok said. If the coalition collapsed, the Khmer Rouge would retain the seat at the United Nations as the government of Democratic Kampuchea and the two other groups would return to their present status as unrecognised rebel fac-

One Western diplomat was quoted in a newspaper here as saying: "The Khmer Rouge appear to have property rights and get the kids too if the shotgun marriage does not hold."

Despite doubts over the coalition's ability to act in unison, ASEAN officials said it would help Democratic Kampuchea gain more international acceptance and hold on to its U.N. seat.

The officials also said ASEAN's efforts to strengthen the Kampuchean guerrilla groups did not reflect a feeling of hopelessness in reaching a negotiated settlement

### Arafat: Symbol of Palestinian struggle

BEIRUT (R) - Yasser Arafat, now facing perhaps his greatest crisis as Israeli troops surround Palestinian guerrillas in West Beirut, is the symbol of the Palestinian people and its struggle to establish a homeland.

As elected chairman of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) since 1969, he has guided the movement through troubles that would have toppled many political leaders.

Even in the West, with its tradition of friendship and sympathy for Israel, Mr. Arafat has managed to submerge his image as a guerrilla leader and gain recognition and status in the eyes of a growing number of politicians from many nations.

But the PLO leader's lifestyle and appearance are a constant reminder that the movement was founded on the gun and built its present position through spectacular guerrilla exploits. Invariably in khaki uniform,

wearing the black and white headress of his fedayeen commandos and with a pistol on his hip, the figure of Mr. Arafat has not changed from the time when he led guerrilla raids against the Israelis in the mid-1960s.

An abstemious bachelor and a man of proven personal courage, he continues in the classic lifestyle of the revolutionary leader, surrounded by armed men, working until dawn, snatching meals on the run, travelling to unannounced rendezvous in Tehran or Moscow or Damascus

Mr. Arafat -- Abu Ammar as he is known to his followers founded the Fatch guerrilla organisation in 1959. It was to become the biggest group in the PLO.

In the 1970s the PLO became increasingly involved in inter-Arab politics and Mr. Arafat, forced to stay on good terms with all the leaders in the region, established himself as a mudiator."

#### Role of mediator

It was a role often fraught with difficulties and disappointments. He was the first international fig-



Yasser Arafat

ure to try to end the war between trag and Iran which broke out in

September, 1980. Mr. Arafat moved the main base of the Palestinian struggle to Lebanon, where increasing fric-tion between his people and the local right-wing militias was a major factor in the Lebanese civil war of 1975-76.

The Palestinians were deeply involved in the 1975-76 civil war in Lebanon on the side of Lebanese leftists and their alliance appeared almost certain to win when Syrian troops intervened to end the conflict.

Abu Ammar emerged into the public eye in the late 1960s and was always something of a mystery figure, even when he reached a peak of diplomatic success for the PLO by addressing the United Nations General Assembly in November, 1974.

has very little. He answers inquirers simply by saying: "No personal questions." He is bald and has a ready smile on his full lips. But his black and white keftyeh (headdress), his dark spectacles and what looks

Almost nothing is known of his

personal life, possibly because he

beard are the best known aspects of his appearance. When he addressed the U.N.,

like a permanent 10-day growth of

he proclaimed he bore an olive branch but he also wore a leather gun holster at his hip. He called for a multi-racial state in which Muslim, Christian and Jew could live together in peace.

Teenage firebrand Born in Jerusalem in 1929, the young Yasser joined his father and brothers in fighting Jewish guerrilla organisations while still in his

After the creation of Israel in 1948 he fled to Gaza. From there he moved to Cairo to study engineering and in 1952 he became president of the Union of Palestinian Students in Egypt.

Mr. Arafat graduated in 1957, after fighting alongside the Egy-ptians in the Suez war the previous year and then moved to Kuwait where, together with school teacher Salah Khalaf, still his right-hand man, he created Fateh.

The name was composed by reversing the Arabic initials of "Palestine Liberation Movement," but it also means "con-

quest' in Arabic. In 1964, then president Ahmed Ben Bella of Algeria authorised Fateh to open a bureau in Algiers and on the last day of the same year Fateh's military branch, known as Al-Assifa, launched its

first operation against Israel. His activities soon put Abu Ammar in trouble with the authorities of his host countries. He was arrested once in Lebanon and twice in Syria, spending seven weeks in the dreaded Mezze jail in Damascus.

After the 1967 Arab-Israeli war he established secret cells of Fateh within occupied territory, somehow evading the grip of Israeli security, which declared him one of its most wanted men. By the early 1980s Mr. Arafat

eration to further the aims of his movement. It has looked increasingly likely that he would push for the establishment of an independent state in the West Bank and Gaza, a policy that could bring him into conflict with radicals still intent on the complete destruction of Israel.

appeared to have chosen mod-

### Israelis make Lebanese rightists uncomfortable

BEIRUT (R) - Israeli troops who battled their way up through Lebanon are now moving freely around part of an Arab capital with their armour for the first time in Israel's 34-year history.

selves at home in East Beirnt just a stone's throw from Palestinian commando strongholds. For the Israelis, the western half of Beirut where the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO)

The Israelis are m

has its headquarters is enemy ter-The eastern sector of the longdivided city is controlled by the right-wing militias which share Israel's hate of the guerrillas and its opposition to the presence of

Syrian peacekeeping troops in Lebanon. But the rightists say that cooperation with Israel has so far been indirect and there are signs they are uncomfortable with the Israelis cruising so openly in the

areas they control. The road the Israelis are using through East Beirut comes so close to Palestinian and Syriancontrolled districts of West Beirut that the Israeli forces have had to put up make-shift signs in Hebrew to stop their men straying into

Rightist sources said the signs went up after one Israeli tank took a wrong turning and blundered into a roadblock manned by Palestinian soldiers attached to the Syrian peacekeeping force.

There are hints that the rightists are uncomfortable with the Israelis cruising around so openly in East Beirut and the rightistcontrolled mountain areas. Political sources said the right-

ists did not want to appear as mere puppets of an occupying power. Western diplomat added that the rightists were being treated very much as junior partners by the Israelis, who were telling them little of their military or political plans for Lebanon.

"We are trying not to get overwhelmed by the Israelis," rightist military spokesman Fadi Hayek said with a tired smile. "They are not asking permission for anything," he explained. As he spoke. Israeli television

and radio reporters, all in army

uniform, were crowding into his

office in the military headquarters of the right-wing militia. forces clamouring for information and Militia officials said one television crew had tried to film in the

ravaged commercial district near

Beirut port on the dividing line

between East and West Beirut and a dangerous place even at quiet times. The crew was turned back by rightist gunmen. Mr. Hayek said the only coop-

eration between the rightists and presence of the right-wing forces in East Beirut preventing the escape of any Palestinians, already hemmed in between the advancing Israelis and the sea Rightist gunmen have intensified checks on the main crossing point between east and west

Beirut. A long slow-moving line of

vehicles rools past the checkpoint,

and militiamen order any they

consider suspicious to pull into a

side road for document checks and But the rightists have not yet helped the Israelis to impose a

true siege on West Beirut. All West Beirut's food and petrol and much of its electricity comes through East Beirus but so far none of the supplies have been interrupted. Rightist officials said that while they did not rule out such action it had not been taken yet, partly out of concern for Lebanese civilians in West Benut and partly because to do so would be to "participate effectively" in the Israeli siege.

## 42 top officials

assist the war victims.

ANKARA (R) — Military authorities have removed from their posts 42 senior martial law prosecutors and judges, including the colonel who led two cases against former prime minister Bulent Ecevit, the official gazette announced. Col. Nurettin Soyer, who was attached to the Ankara martial law command as chief prosecutor at two separate cases against Mr. Ecevit and for the mass trial of the extreme rightwing Nationalist Movement Party (NMP), is to be replaced by Col. Zeki Egin, the announcement said. Also removed was the Istanbul chief military prosecutor, Col. Suleyman Takkeci, who conducted the case at the trial of the now-banned leftwing DISK trade union confederation and at several other mass trials of leftwing

#### Qadhafi şends message to Nyerere

DAR ES SALAAM (R) — Libyan Energy Minister Abdel Majid Gaood has arrived here with a special message for Tan-zanian President Julius Nyerere from Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi, the government radio reported Sunday. The radio said that the contents of the message were not disclosed but govemment sources said it contained an invitation for Dr. Nyerere to attend the meeting in Tripoli in August of the heads of state of the

#### Mujahedeen hold Tehran responsible for bomb in Paris

movement Sunday held the Iranian authorities responsible for a bomb explosion in Paris Saturday in which an Iranian student was seriously injured and a passer-by slightly hurt. The Paris bureau of the Mujahedeen told Reuters by telephone that the student was

## Brazil, U.S. maintain ties despite differences over Falklands

By Oliver Wates

BRASILIA - Major differences over the Falklands have failed to disrupt a steady rapprochement between the United States and Brazil, Latin America's biggest

Relations between the two

countries, at a low point during the

Carter administration, had been improving until the outbreak of the crisis caught them both with conflicting interests and loyalties. Brazil's reaction has been limited diplomatic support for Argentina, without alienating the British. The United States opted for overwhelming backing for its

hostility throughout Latin America. Brazil was put out by Washing-

oldest ally, provoking a wave of

ton's position and was quick to criticise it publicly, though in moderate terms. But diplomats and government officials in Brasilia believe the affair will prove no more than a minor complication in the process of

The Falklands question domi-

nated President Joao Figueiredo's

rapprochement.

in May. There were suggestions in Brazil that the visit should be cancelled because of U.S. support for Britain on the Falklands issue, but in the event only the social programme was trimmed and the trip went ahead.

Shock waves

It gave President Reagan a first hand account of the effect of the April 3 announcement on Latin

American option. "It was traumatic for Latin America, even among countries which were not supporting Argentina," said one Brasilian official. "Even if the U.S. stand did not surprise, the way in which it was done certainly shocked. It was

done without anaesthetic." Sympathy in Brasilia for Argentina was fed by a feeling that Washington had unwittingly deceived Argentine leaders into thinking the United States valued it alliance with them enough to support them over the Falklands, he added. Latin American countries con-

strasted the U.S. response to

Argentina's seizure of the ter-

ritory it claims, to the reaction

long-planned visit to Washington when Israel did the same. "There

was a feeling in Latin America that we were expendable," the official commented.

The view from Brasilia was put

to President Reagan and other

U.S. officials, who in turn

explained the American point of view in discussions generally described as "very frank". The open difference of opinion on the Falklands, did not however sour the presidential visit, the first

to Washington since 1971, and **NEWS ANALYSIS** 

this was interpreted here as evidence of a new, more mature relationship between the two coun-

"It has shown that you can legitimately disagree with the United States without being a Communist," remarked one offi-

cial wryly. The impression in Brasilia is that in the short term Latin . American relations with the United States will obviously have suffered from the crisis. But over the long term, the northern

neighbour is too powerful and

important in the world for any last-

In the case of Brazil the decla-

Britain was less unexpected than in most Latin American capitals. "Brazil had fewer illusions than most," the official said. Divided support The Brazilian public is in any

case divided over support for Bri-

tam or Argentina and some of the

press has attacked the government

for its stance on the Faiklands

question. So the issue is not a vital

ration of American support for

political question in Brazil. The rift in U.S.-Brazilian relations came in 1977. One factor was a Carter administration report on human rights in Brazil and another was outspoken criticism in Washington of a Brazilian nuclear power programme on the grounds that guarantees against

were insufficient. The Brazilians immediately cancelled a military cooperation accord as a sign of their dis-

the spread of nuclear weapons

Relations improved immediately with the election of President Reagan, who has dropped human rights as a public foreign policy

issue. Last August special envloy for Latin America Thomas Enders paid a visit to Brazilia and he has been followed by a stream of U.S. representatives.

Diplomats on both sides predict

a steady improvement from now

on with perhaps greater coop

eration on specific issues, though Brazil will not again automatically follow the U.S. lead in international questions. The military cooperation accord will not be renewed. though since 1980 the two countries' military chiefs have been holding regular meetings to exchange views, they say.

Brazil has several commercial grievances against the United States on trade issues and these were brought up by Brazilian officials during the visit. The new U.S. sugar import quotas announced days before the visit, will cost Brazil millions of dollars a year, I according to Brazil's sugar author-

But these issues can now be discussed calmly and openly and both countries feel that the other will have more reason in future for moving closer.

#### AMMAN (J.T.) — Japan ha decided to extend emergency aid amounting to \$1 million, to the victims in Lebanon through the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC). Approximately 600,000 inhabitants of Lebanon, including Palestinians have suffered from the recent Israeli invasion of Lebanon. They badly need emergency assistance of clothing, food stuffs, etc. Under such circumstances U.N. Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar has just appealed to member countries to extend emergency aid. Japan has

MIDDLE

**EAST** 

**NEWS** 

Japan extends

emergency aid

to Lebanon

**BRIEFS** 

#### unity in Lebanon. European group provides extensive aid to Lebanon

demanded again that there

should be an immediate ceasefire

and withdrawal of Israeli forces

from the Lebanese territories,

hoping this would lead to national

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Commission of the European Communities has initiated an extensive aid programme for the relief of victims of the war in Lebanon. 700,000 ECU (approximately \$700,000), has been donated to the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) in Geneva. Two flights left Geneva, last Monday, carrying medical supplies, tents and blankets. Additional llights carrying relief goods are leaving this Monday and on subsequent days. Cash is also being provided to ICRC for local operations in Lebanon. 94 tonnes of milk powder are being flown in on two flights leaving this Monday and on the next. 20,000 tonnes of cereals will be allocated for delivery on an urgent basis to Palestinian and Lebanese victims of the war. The main thrust of the aid effort is being made via the ICRC. However, the food aid which the Community provides to the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA) for its relief work will also be deployed to

## Ankara removes

nations belonging to the Organ-isation of African Unity (OAU).

## LONDON (R) — The leftwing Iranian People's Mujahedeen

carrying a bomb intended to disrupt a demonstration being staged by supporters of the Mujahedeen.

